### **REALTIME** Typeface

REALTIME

Realtime Light 85 point / 26 point

## EQUIPAJES Sanidad, aduana o migraciones

## Realtime Regular 85 point / 26 point SNJGŁOWCE Duża działalność transportowa

### Réditine Semibold 85 point / 26 point RÉGEORNAUX Système planétaire ou solaire

## Realtime Bold 85 point / 26 point Air traffic control locations

Realtime Black 85 point / 26 point



### Realtime Light 10 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighterthan-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this

### Realtime Regular 10 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighterthan-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this

### Realtime Semibold 10 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighterthan-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this

### Realtime Bold 10 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighterthan-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this

### Realtime Black 10 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighterthan-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this Realtime Bold 48 Point

## MY GIRL WOVE SIX DOZEN PLAID JACKETS BEFORE SHE QUIT.

### Realtime Regular 48 Point

### My girl wove six dozen plaid jackets before she quit.

Jumping hay dwarves flock quartz box. Realtime Bold 20 Point

Quick fox jumps nightly above wizard.

Realtime Semibold 20 Point

Jack fox bids ivy-strewn phlegm quiz.

Realtime Regular 20 Point

The five boxing wizards jump quickly.

Realtime Light 20 Point

Both fickle dwarves jinx my pig quiz.

### Realtime Regular 16 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible,

### Realtime Regular 12 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances.

### Realtime Regular 10 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighterthan-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this type were manufactured by the German Zeppelin company. The most successful Zeppelin was the Graf Zeppelin. It flew over one million miles, including

### Realtime Regular 8 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great

### Realtime Regular 6 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this type were manufactured by the German Zeppelin company. The most successful Zeppelin was the Graf Zeppelin. It flew over one million miles, including an around-the-world flight in August 1929. However, the dominance of the Zeppelins over the airplanes of that period, which had a range of only a few hundred miles, was diminishing as airplane

## 01234 56789

Realtime Light 160 Point





6

Realtime Black 430 Point

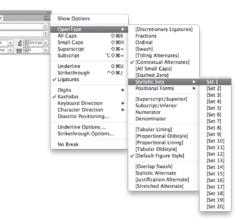
### Proportional Set

Although Realtime is a native monospaced typeface it includes the option to set type with proportional character widths. This option can be activated through the OpenType feature «Stylistic Set 1».

While the look and feel of the typeface remains the same, longer passages of texts will be easier to read. In lowercase certain characters are completely redesigned, in uppercase the character shapes remain intact but kerning is applied where necessary.

### Activating the Stylistic Set

Proportional characters can be activated in OpenType-savvy applications like Adobe InDesign.



Realtime Regular - Standard Monospaced

# Emigration

## Realtime Black - Standard Monospaced

FAKULTATIV

### Realtime Regular 12 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered di-

### Realtime Regular 10 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo

### Realtime Regular 12 Point - Stylistic Set (Set 1)

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785.

### Realtime Regular 10 Point - Stylistic Set (Set 1)

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-thanair flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this type were manufactured by the German Zeppelin company. The

### Realtime Regular 8 Point

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first humanpowered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this type were manufactured by the German Zeppelin company. The most successful Zeppelin was the Graf Zeppelin. It flew over one million miles, including an around-the-world flight in August 1929. However, the dominance of the

Realtime Regular 8 Point - Stylistic Set (Set 1)

The modern age of aviation began with the first untethered human lighter-than-air flight on November 21, 1783 of a hot air balloon designed by the Montgolfier brothers. The practicality of balloons was limited because they could only travel downwind. It was immediately recognized that a steerable, or dirigible, balloon was required. Jean-Pierre Blanchard flew the first human-powered dirigible in 1784 and crossed the English Channel in one in 1785. Rigid airships became the first aircraft to transport passengers and cargo over great distances. The best known aircraft of this type were manufactured by the German Zeppelin company. The most successful Zeppelin was the Graf Zeppelin. It flew over one million miles, including an around-the-world flight in August 1929. However, the dominance of the Zeppelins over the airplanes of that period, which had a range of only a few hundred miles, was diminishing as airplane design advanced. The "Golden Age" of

OpenType Features

Stylistic Set 1

'Life vests!'

'Life vests!'

Numerator, Denominator, Inferior

27m2 51/2 H20

 $27m^2$  5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> H<sub>2</sub>O

Case Sensitive Punctuation

(5) De-Seps [Fr]

(5) DE-SEPS [FR]

Language (Română, Català)

Roteşte / anul·lar

Rotește / anul·lar

Character Set

Basic Characters

### ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

Accented Characters

ÁĂÂÄĄÀĀĄÅĥÃÆÆĆČÇĈĊĐĎĐÉĔĚÊËĖĒĖĒĘĔĞĞĜĢĠĦĤ IJÍĬĨĪĪĪĪĪĪĨŢĨĴĶĹĽĻĿŁŃŇŅŊŊŇÓŎÔÖOOŎŐŌQØØÕŒÞŔŘŖ ŚŠŞŜŞßƏŦŤŢŢÚŬÛÜŲÙŰŪŲŮŨŴŴŴŶŶŸŶŶŶŹŹŻ áăâäạàāąååãææćčçĉċðďđéĕěêëeeeeēgěggggġġħĥ ıíĭĩïiìijíſīįĩJĵķĸĺľļŀŀ'n'nňņŋŋňóŏôöooòőōoøøõœþŕřŗ śšşŝşßəŧťţţúŭûüųùűūųůũŵŵŵỳýŷÿŷīŹźż

Alternative Proportional Characters

AÁĂÂÄĄÀĀĄÅÅÃÆÆFLĹĽĻĿŁPTŦŤŢŢVWŴŴŴŴŶŶŶŸŶŶ ææfiıíĭĭïiiìījĵjlĺllŀmœrŕřŗtŧťţţwŵŵŵŵ .:,;!;:`-‹›'',

Numbers, Currency, Fractions and Math Operators

### 0123456789 ¤\$€£¥f¢

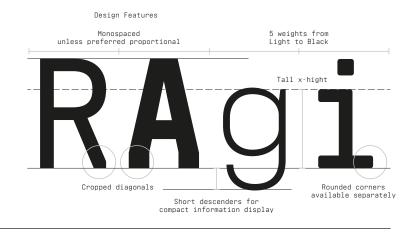
> Punctuation and Symbols .:,;...'' ",,«»<> @&#§¶\_ΔΩ◊†‡"'©®™°^a°●○■□ !j?;()[]{}/|¦\•·------

### Information

Information displays have an aesthetic of their own. Functional design where transmission of information is key — and best in real time. The Realtime typeface is not meant to recreate the appearance of those applications, instead it takes inspiration from them. The result is a technical yet friendly design with details that serve function and visual impact alike. As a monospaced typeface it lends itself to tabular designs, sturdy columns and tidy layouts. Nevertheless Realtime comes with a feature for setting continuous text — a proportional design employable through OpenType — it further comes in five weights and with a character set that covers over 200 latin languages.

A soft version of Realtime is available separately: Realtime Rounded. Its soft edges apply warmth to the otherwise rather technical appearance.

Realtime is a carefully crafted typeface for a wide range of use. The overall design takes cues from technical information displays, yet it remains friendly and unique thanks to design details throughout the entire character set.



Language Support

Realtime's character set covers Underware's "Latin Plus", a standard for language support for fonts. (http://www.underware.nl/latin\_plus)

Drehu

Dutch

However please note that this list is subject to future change and presented as is, without any warranty.

Abenaki Afaan Oromo Afar Afrikaans Albanian Alsatian Amis Anuta Aragonese Aranese Aromanian Arrernte Arvanitic (Latin) Asturian Atayal Aymara Azerbaijani Bashkir (Latin) Basque Belarusian (Latin) Bemba Bikol Bislama Bosnian Breton Cape Verdean Creole Catalan Cebuano Chamorro Chavacano Chichewa Chickasaw Cimbrian Cofán Cornish Corsican Creek Crimean Tatar (Latin) Croatian Czech Danish Dawan Delaware Dholuo

Fnalish Esperanto Estonian Faroese Fiiian Filipino Finnish Folkspraak French Frisian Friulian Gagauz (Latin) Galician Ganda Genoese German Gikuvu Gooniyandi Greenlandic (Kalaallisut) Guadeloupean Creole Gwich'in Haitian Creole Hän Hawaiian Hiligaynon Норі Hotcąk (Latin) Hungarian Icelandic Ido Igbo Ilocano Indonesian Interglossa Interlingua Irish Istro-Romanian Italian Jamaican Javanese (Latin) Jèrriais Kaingang

Kala Lagaw Ya Kapampangan (Latin) Kagchikel Karakalpak (Latin) Karelian (Latin) Kashubian Kikongo Kinyarwanda Kiribati Kirundi Klingon Kurdish (Latin) Ladin Latin Latino sine Flexione Latvian Lithuanian Lojban Lombard Low Saxon Luxembourgish Maasai Makhuwa Malay Maltese Manx Māori Marquesan Megleno-Romanian Meriam Mir Mirandese Mohawk Moldovan Montagnais Montenegrin Murrinh-Patha Nagamese Creole Nahuati Ndebele Neapolitan Ngiyambaa Niuean Noongar Norwegian

Novial Occidental Occitan Old Icelandic Old Norse Onĕipŏt Oshiwambo Ossetian (Latin) Palauan Papiamento Piedmontese Polish Portuguese Potawatomi Q'eqchi' Quechua Rarotongan Romanian Romansh Rotokas Sami (Inari Sami) Sami (Lule Sami) Sami (Northern Sami) Sami (Southern Sami) Samoan Sango Saramaccan Sardinian Scottish Gaelic Serbian (Latin) Seri Seychellois Creole Shawnee Shona Sicilian Silesian Slovak Slovenian Slovio (Latin) Somali Sorbian (Lower Sorbian) Sorbian (Upper Sorbian) Sotho (Northern)

Sotho (Southern)

Spanish Sranan Sundanese (Latin) Swahili Swazi Swedish Tagalog Tahitian Tetum Tok Pisin Tokelauan Tongan Tshiluba Tsonga Tswana Tumbuka Turkish Turkmen (Latin) Tuvaluan Tzotzil Uzbek (Latin) Venetian Vepsian Volapük Võro Wallisian Walloon Waray-Waray Warlpiri Wayuu Welsh Wik-Mungkan Wiradjuri Wolof Xavante Xhosa Yapese Yindjibarndi Zapotec Zarma Zazaki 7ulu Zuni